

MEETING OF THE VILLAGE OF ISLAND PARK

SPECIAL MEETING OF

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

127 Long Beach Road Island Park, New York

January 9, 2014 7:30 p.m.

BOARD MEMBERS:

JAMES W. RUZICKA, Mayor

STEPHEN G. D'ESPOSITO, Deputy Mayor (Absent)

HENRY M. HASTAVA, Trustee, Trustee

JOSEPH M. ANNARELLA, Trustee

IRENE P. NAUDUS, Trustee

ANTHONY W. CORNACHO, Village Attorney

CONNIE CONROY, Village Clerk





24

25

1	1//9/14 Special Board of Trustees meeting
2	(Following recitation of the Pledge
3	of Allegiance, the meeting was called to
4	order.)
5	MAYOR RUZICKA: I call this meeting
6	to order. This meeting tonight is pertaining
7	to the settlement of the lawsuit of U.S. versus
8	Village of Island Park for violations of the
9	Fair Housing Act, better known as the HUD case.
10	It is only for that purpose. There will be no
11	other business taken tonight other than
12	information for this.
13	This meeting will also be different
14	than a regular board meeting. I ask everybody
15	who wishes to speak to sign in so we have the
16	signed in to be able to speak, and we will
17	adhere to the three minutes speaking rule for
18	this meeting. I ask everybody please pay
19	attention so we can avoid any duplicate
20	questions and answers.
21	At this time, I would like to
22	introduce our attorney, Paul Millus, and before
23	he starts, I want to thank him for doing a

Reporter's Ink, Corp. 90 John Street - Ste. 411 New York, NY 10038 www.reporters-ink.com

Phone: 646.395.2522 Fax: 212.374.1236

great job and getting this case to closure.

Thank you very much.

1 1//9/14 Special Board of Trustees meeting 2 MR. MILLUS: Okay. Ladies and 3 gentlemen, thank you for coming out tonight. 4 I'm here to speak to the settlement, to discuss 5 the case a little bit, to answer your questions 6 where I can. This has been a very long road. 7 We have now reached the end. It is a time that 8 the matter will be fully settled, shortly to be 9 signed by the judge, and that will put an end 10 for to this long and tortured history of this 11 HUD case, U.S.A. versus Island Park. 12 A quick background. In the 1970's, 13 the United States government established a 14 program called the 235 Program. It was 15 established by HUD to basically build homes in 16 various communities across the country. Island 17 Park, through Nassau County, participated in 18 this program, and as a result, received money 19 to build forty-four homes in the community. 20 You think about that now, where would 21 you build forty-four homes now, irrespective of 22 Sandy, which I know is a tragedy. The fact is 23 in those days, there was space in order to do 24 so. And the homes were built in various stages

over several years, and in the 1980's they were

25

- 1 1//9/14 Special Board of Trustees meeting
- 2 built, and a program was put into place,
- 3 whereby people would be given, on a first come,
- 4 first served basis, an opportunity to come into
- 5 the homes, which was subsidized by HUD. HUD
- 6 would pay a portion of the mortgage that the
- 7 person would take, using federal funds.
- What happened, something went wrong.
- 9 I'm not here to relive the past because it's
- 10 really pointless. I think a lot has been
- 11 learned as a result of what took place. At the
- 12 end of the day, the homes did not go to people
- 13 on a random first come, first served basis,
- 14 they went to other individuals. And always HUD
- 15 envisioned that there would be a certain number
- of minorities; seventeen at the time is what
- 17 they estimated would be purchased by minority
- 18 applicants.
- 19 What happened is that after HUD and
- 20 after the homes were purchased and the program
- 21 went on, there came a point in time when HUD
- 22 came to the conclusion that, in fact, the
- 23 Village of Island Park had done wrong. They
- 24 filed a lawsuit in 1990 in federal court called
- 25 U.S.A. versus Island Park, against a number of



- 1 1//9/14 Special Board of Trustees meeting
- 2 defendants as well as the Village.
- 3 At the end of the day, there was
- 4 significant discovery, which we do in civil
- 5 actions, done by my predecessor and partner at
- 6 my prior firm. There was motion practice. It
- 7 was fought, it was fought reasonably, and a
- 8 position was taken and ultimately rejected by
- 9 the Court. The Court granted judgment to the
- 10 federal government.
- 11 After that, there was a hearing
- 12 conducted, over a year and a half period, to
- 13 determine what the measure of damages were. Up
- 14 here you see what the total damage award was.
- 15 Five million three hundred ninety-three
- 16 thousand five hundred thirty-four dollars and
- 17 eighty-eight cents. That was determined by a
- 18 magistrate to be the appropriate amount of
- 19 damages. It's made up of several components
- 20 and I won't bore you with the details. The
- 21 bottom line, that was the number.
- There was subsequent motion practice
- 23 to try to reject that report, and also to move
- 24 for other relief. That was before the Court
- 25 for approximately ten years. It was argued in



- 1 1//9/14 Special Board of Trustees meeting
- 2 November of 1998, and it was eventually decided
- 3 in April of 2008. Essentially, the Court said
- 4 I agree with the Magistrate. He had a full
- 5 hearing, I had a full hearing. I went through
- 6 all the facts and circumstances and all the law
- 7 and I determined that it should stand.
- 8 So the Village options at that point
- 9 was to appeal, and we did file a Notice of
- 10 Appeal. The Government did as well because
- 11 they didn't get all the relief they wanted in
- 12 connection with the applications that they
- 13 made. Thereafter, we entered into settlement
- 14 discussions. We knew that if five point three
- 15 or four million dollar judgment plus interest
- 16 in the judgment rate. In New York State, once
- 17 you obtain a judgment you're entitled to nine
- 18 percent interest. It's not compounded, but we
- 19 were talking about four hundred ninety-four
- 20 thousand dollars of interest per year.
- Just to manage the interest alone in
- 22 terms of trying to resolve this would have
- 23 broken this village. It would have been
- 24 impossible. We made the case to the Government
- 25 that while these were the damages that were



- 1 1//9/14 Special Board of Trustees meeting
- 2 found, and while we still had a right to appeal
- 3 but with the slimmest, and I mean the slimmest
- 4 of chances of ever being successful in that
- 5 appeal.
- The fact is, the Government entered
- 7 into negotiations with us in good faith, and
- 8 this took years because there were various
- 9 machinations of how we would go about this and
- 10 what each side wanted to receive. Our bottom
- 11 line was we wanted to receive the lowest payout
- 12 that we could do with the least restrictions on
- 13 the Village. The Government wanted to
- 14 establish a program in which people would
- 15 receive mortgage assistance, and we found it
- 16 was too complicated to try to do so.
- We came to another resolution, and
- 18 that is essentially to do what we had to do,
- 19 have a housing administrator appointed who
- 20 would then attempt to reach out to the minority
- 21 community, particularly African-Americans to
- 22 come to the Village.
- Now, my point has always been,
- 24 irrespective of what the Court found, and the
- 25 Court found there was intentional



- 1 1//9/14 Special Board of Trustees meeting
- 2 discrimination a long time ago. My point has
- 3 always been it's been a long time. Times have
- 4 changed.
- 5 At the end of the day, no one is
- 6 saying there is any intentional discrimination
- 7 going on, but for whatever reason, we have a
- 8 limited number of African-Americans in the
- 9 community and there could be a million reasons
- 10 for that having nothing to do with
- 11 discrimination. It could be because of the
- 12 school district. It could be because it's
- 13 close to the water. It could be anything. It
- 14 could be the cost of the homes. Bottom line
- is, we weren't going to have imposed on us
- 16 something that was unreasonable.
- So we realized that really we had to
- 18 talk about money here and get a Fair Housing
- 19 Program together, much like the way Nassau
- 20 County Police Department and other police
- 21 departments across the country found they were
- 22 limited in terms of African-American candidates
- 23 and entered into consent decrees and reached
- 24 out to the African-American community. Whether
- 25 people take the test, whether they pass the



- 1 1//9/14 Special Board of Trustees meeting
- 2 test, whether they're appointed police
- 3 officers, that's all up to them.
- That is really what we have here.
- 5 The Fair Housing Administrator will come in.
- 6 The Village Board will cooperate. The Village
- 7 itself will cooperate. Because at the end of
- 8 the day, I think what really it comes down to
- 9 if a person can buy you home at a price you
- 10 want, that is really what you want, that is
- 11 what is going to happen, eventually.
- 12 Is there going to be success in that
- 13 program? I have no idea. He's going to be
- 14 doing it for two years. He can do it up to
- 15 four, depending on whether the Government comes
- 16 in and tries to extend the time. As long as
- 17 everybody does their job in terms of
- 18 cooperation, which I expect and which I know
- 19 will happen, at the end of the day, the market
- 20 will tell the tale as to whether or not
- 21 African-Americans are going to come to the
- 22 community. If they do, great.
- 23 If they are willing to pay the price
- 24 of your home, no one is asking you to subsidize
- 25 your homes, or to cut your price. At the end



- 1 1//9/14 Special Board of Trustees meeting
- 2 of the day, you're free to sell your home to
- 3 anyone, except for discriminatory reasons,
- 4 because you know you can't do that as an
- 5 individual homeowner.
- 6 Only time will tell. If it doesn't
- 7 work out, it doesn't work out. And then we may
- 8 have discussions with the Government sometime
- 9 in the future. But the proof is in the
- 10 pudding. There is plenty of opportunity in a
- 11 free society, in a capitalistic system for
- 12 people to come to this village and buy a home
- 13 if they can afford it and if they want to live
- 14 here.
- 15 What we entered into is settlement of
- 16 one million nine hundred sixty-one dollars.
- 17 That number, you should understand, also
- 18 includes a nine hundred thousand dollar
- 19 payment. The insurance company in this case
- 20 has paid out a lot of money. I know there was
- 21 one report when this first broke, someone was
- 22 thankful that they don't have to pay the
- 23 attorneys any more, namely me.
- I assure you that the insurance
- 25 carriers paid me at a much lower rate than I



- 1 1//9/14 Special Board of Trustees meeting
- 2 normally get. But they have paid me and every
- 3 other attorney in this case throughout. The
- 4 Village has never had to go in its pocket for
- 5 attorney's fees. That is a good thing.
- The insurance companies weren't
- 7 necessarily happy about that. They put a lot
- 8 of money into defense of this case and what is
- 9 left of the policy is nine hundred thousand
- 10 dollars. They stayed with us throughout.
- 11 There were some bumps in the road in terms of
- 12 what their positioning would be. We convinced
- 13 them the better part of valor here and the
- 14 wisest course was to keep the money on the
- 15 table and continue to pay me as we continue the
- 16 settlement process, and they have. They came
- 17 through. They put nine hundred thousand
- 18 dollars into the Court ready to settle. That
- 19 money is there right now.
- Once this is signed, which could
- 21 happen tomorrow or the next day, very shortly,
- 22 that money will be turned over and become part
- 23 of the settlement. Three hundred thousand
- 24 dollars of that money is reserved for the
- 25 purposes of paying the Fair Housing



1 1//9/14 Special Board of Trustees meeting

2 Administrator, if it costs that much, but that

- 3 is the number we came up with.
- Five hundred sixty-eight thousand
- 5 dollars is actually damages to the government,
- 6 pursuant to the Order that was granted in this
- 7 case. That will be held in an escrow account,
- 8 possibly used to fund of some of the payments
- 9 later on, but eventually paid over to the
- 10 government.
- 11 And thereafter, a time will come, in
- 12 2017, where there will be, sorry to say, a tax
- 13 increase to deal with this. The Village has
- 14 worked through this to determine what are we
- 15 talking about. They can answer any questions
- 16 that I'm incapable of doing. We're talking
- 17 about a one point six percent tax increase
- 18 coming around 2017 for the purpose of funding
- 19 payments that are approximately twelve thousand
- 20 dollars and change going forward for
- 21 seventy-eight months.
- 22 At one point, the Government wanted
- 23 its money faster. After Sandy, we made it
- 24 clear to the Government that this village
- 25 suffered tremendously and we needed more time.



- 1 1//9/14 Special Board of Trustees meeting
- 2 The payment's on the back end. We needed more
- 3 time to begin the payments, because we didn't
- 4 know what situation we would be in six months
- 5 after Sandy and people are still not in their
- 6 homes, and the Village is obviously still not
- 7 in its.
- 8 So the Government agreed. I gotta
- 9 tell you I have to give credit where credit is
- 10 due. We worked closely with the Justice
- 11 Department on this. This went up to the second
- 12 in command at the Justice Department to be
- 13 signed off on. Particularly the U.S. Attorney,
- 14 Richard Hayes, who I worked with for years now.
- 15 I have known him for many years. He was an
- 16 advocate to a deal, and we got a deal done and
- 17 he agreed to reasonable terms.
- We don't have to begin payment
- 19 immediately. We can begin them once we get our
- 20 feet under us as a result of Sandy and pay it
- 21 off in the normal course. No one likes a tax
- 22 increase; I understand. I'm sure there are
- 23 some of you saying why do we have to pay for
- 24 something that happened so long ago? I
- 25 appreciate that nobody in this room did



- 1 1//9/14 Special Board of Trustees meeting
- 2 anything wrong and nobody in the Village who is
- 3 probably still here did anything wrong. But it
- 4 is what it is. That's simple enough.
- 5 There was a situation. It turned
- 6 into a judgment. It took a while for the
- 7 judgment to be fully decided, but a judgment it
- 8 is nonetheless. It's not going away simply
- 9 because we say time has passed, but I think it
- 10 helped us get a number that was reasonable and
- 11 rational. I think in some respects that was a
- 12 benefit to us.
- So here we are right now with a one
- 14 million nine hundred sixty-one thousand dollar
- 15 judgment. While again, any tax increase, I
- 16 appreciate, I'm a homeowner too. I know what
- 17 you're going through. We're talking probably,
- 18 on a four hundred thousand dollar home twenty
- 19 dollars a year. It's built into the tax rate
- 20 and it goes forward. We are not talking about
- 21 a one point six percent increase each year,
- 22 we're talking about a one point six increase
- 23 which is then rolled in each year. Your taxes
- 24 are what they are. That is your base line.
- We believe this settlement benefits



- 1 1//9/14 Special Board of Trustees meeting
- 2 the Village and puts this behind you. Gives
- 3 you a chance to do a lot more of what you need
- 4 to do in rebuilding from Sandy. I'll give you
- 5 an example. There is something called
- 6 Community Development Block Grant Funds. It's
- 7 another program run by HUD. Every municipality
- 8 in the County participates in it. They go
- 9 through the County and asks for money to build
- 10 a road or build a firehouse.
- Because of this litigation,
- 12 there were concerns in Nassau County, although
- 13 we have been working them, there were concerns
- 14 where they said look, we would really like to
- 15 see this thing settled. I didn't really agree
- 16 with them at that time, but I knew we were
- 17 coming close to resolving this and there was no
- 18 point in fighting. Once this is done, it
- 19 receives us up to receive Community Block
- 20 Development Grant funds. That is good thing.
- 21 That money is used -- it has nothing to do
- 22 with the settlement -- to help rebuild your
- 23 infrastructure.
- In addition, every village, every
- 25 municipality borrows on the bond market. With



1

1//9/14 Special Board of Trustees meeting 2 a judgment of that amount, and there is a 3 judgment sitting today, which will hopefully 4 not be sitting Monday once it's signed off on, 5 it prevents you from going to the market and 6 getting a fair rate in terms of borrowing. It 7 has inhibited the ability of this village to go 8 to the bond market and borrow money at the 9 interest rates right now that are still low. 10 That will be removed as well. 11 All these things are a benefit to the 12 Village going forward. This is a deal that we 13 struck. I believe it's a fair deal. The Board 14 stood by me as we negotiated this and we worked 15 together closely for a lot of years/going 16 through this. A lot of machinations and a lot 17 of changes were given to us, as requested by 18 the Board and granted by the Federal 19 Government. 20 I say you to that is exceptionally 21 the settlement that we entered into, and I open 22 the floor for questions. 23 24 25

1	
2	CERTIFICATION
3	
4	STATE OF NEW YORK)
5) ss:
6	COUNTY OF SUFFOLK)
7	COUNTY OF BOTTOMY
8	
9	I, JUDI GALLOP, a Notary Public in
10	and for the State of New York, do hereby
11	certify:
12	
13	THAT this is a true and accurate
14	record of the meeting of the Village of
15	Island Park Board of Trustees, as reported
16	by me and transcribed by me.
17	
18	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto
19	set my hand this 11th day of January,
20	2014.
21	Juli Gallep
22	
23	JUDI GALLOP
24	
2 5	

